

Light snow. Much colder tomorrow.

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SHAW IN CONFERENCE AT THE WHITE HOUSE; HE EVADES POLITICS

Former Secretary of Treasury Declines to Tell What President Said.
Here for Much Needed Vacation, His Only Explanation of Visit.



LESLIE M. SHAW,
Former Secretary of Treasury, Who
Was a Caller at the White
House Today.

Former Secretary Shaw, of the Treasury Department, had a little political talk with the president this morning, and after he left the Executive Office talked about something else.

"I am not talking politics for publication at all," he said, "and I don't have to talk about anything now if I do not want to, for I'm a plain private citizen. I'm over here merely to attend the reception at the White House this evening, and may go back home either at midnight tonight or early tomorrow."

"My plans? Oh, I have none. For the first time in forty years I have a few days to myself, and I'm enjoying them to the utmost. I am just going to follow the advice of an old friend. He said when you haven't anything in particular in view, just watch the wind. If you watch it closely, you will see that pretty soon it will form a little eddy here or there, where it whirles the dust together. That's where you want to be. I'm going to watch for the dust."

"Last night I was called up by telephone and a man asked me to answer the following questions: 'Was I preparing to run for the Presidency? Was I getting ready to run for the Vice Presidency? Was I about to be a candidate for governor of New York? Was I planning to reorganize the National Bank of Commerce, in Kansas City? Was I preparing to reorganize the Knickerbocker in New York? Was I about to merge the United States Mortgage Trust, the Windsor, and the Empire Trust companies in New York?' I told him that all the stories were true. Then I assured him that none of them was."

Shaw's Ambition Mars Usefulness, Says Dickinson

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—It was ambition that married Leslie M. Shaw's usefulness as president of the Carnegie Trust Company, declares Charles D. Dickinson, organizer of the company and its vice president.

Mr. Dickinson and a number of the directors of the Carnegie Trust Company split with the former Secretary of the Treasury because his efforts to become a Presidential nominee, and haste to finish an autobiography, did not comport with their ideas of the banking business.

"Governor Shaw," said Mr. Dickinson, "was convinced that he was Presidential timber before he resigned from the cabinet. The conviction was persistent, steadily, and has been his chief interest since he assumed the presidency of the company. Recent political developments have accentuated it. He and his friends have taken the position that Taft couldn't be nominated, and that Hughes could not win above the would not work for the nomination. That left a chance for the governor to get on the ticket."

"All the speeches he has made have been with intent to swell his boom. Always he has been confident that he would get second place in the race, even if he did not land as the Presidential nominee. All these speeches and writings have taken time, and we have had differences of opinion about devoting so much time to them and being absent from the trust company."

Mr. Shaw tells the story. "I wanted to have the stock control distributed, but Mr. Dickinson wanted it held by himself and friends," he said.

THE WEATHER REPORT.

Abnormally high pressure covers the interior of the country with cold and generally clear weather. The temperature ranging from five to twenty degrees below the seasonal average in the Missouri and upper Mississippi valleys, the upper lake region, and the Northwest. Pressure has fallen in the Atlantic States and the lower lake region, and the weather is somewhat threatening and considerably colder, although temperatures are still above the seasonal average. Another disturbance is approaching the Pacific coast, and rains are again falling there.

The winds along the middle Atlantic coast will be variable, with cold, brisk and brisk by Friday, on the south Atlantic coast fresh to brisk northwesterly, and on the Gulf fresh to brisk northerly.

Steamers departing today for European ports will have fresh variable winds, becoming westerly by Friday, snow Thursday night, clearing Friday to the Grand Banks.

TEMPERATURE.	
2 a. m.	33
12 noon.	36
1 p. m.	38
2 p. m.	32

SUN TABLE	
Sun rises.	7:12
Sun sets.	5:11

TIDE TABLE.	
High water today.	11:35 p. m.
Low water today.	5:45 a. m.
High water tomorrow.	12:02 a. m.
Low water tomorrow.	6:53 p. m.

CALLS CABINET TO FRAME REPLY TO HIS CRITICS

President Exasperated.
Will Make Statement
About All Appoint-
ments.

Official Family Convenes
Today to Gather Data
for Administration
Answer.

Exasperated by repetitions of the charge that Federal patronage has been and is being used by him to further the candidacy of Secretary Taft, the President has determined, it is announced today, to make direct reply in the most public way.

Every member of the Cabinet except Secretary Cortelyou went to the White House in response to urgent summons this morning, to be given instructions as to their part in preparing the forthcoming statement. One or two Cabinet members had left their offices to appear before Congressional committees in behalf of pending legislation. The committee had to cancel the engagements, the business at the White House took precedence of everything else.

The President instructed each Cabinet member to prepare, just as soon as possible, a statement giving all appointments in his department, for which nominations have been made recently, with the facts in each case. There was not entire agreement as to the time to be covered. One Cabinet officer understood that he was expected to report on all nominations that have been sent to the Senate this session of Congress. This would include all recess appointments since the adjournment of Congress March 4 last, and would make the record cover most of a year. Another Cabinet officer understood that his record was to cover simply appointments since January 3, 1908.

Records Being Prepared.

At any rate, there is agreement that the records are being prepared for each department, and that just as soon as the material is in hand some sort of statement will issue from the White House. It will be intended, not only as an answer to the charges that patronage has been used for political purposes, but also, it is understood, as the beginning of a warfare on the Senate for holding up Presidential appointments.

The Senate's course in rejecting appointments in Ohio, in connection with which the charge was made that they were political, and in the case of Taft's candidacy; the rejection of a New Hampshire appointment, made without consultation with the New Hampshire Senators; and the rejection of the Senate's course in instituting an investigation of the Pennsylvania postoffice affair, in which it is charged that postmaster has been illegally holding office nearly a year after being rejected by the Senate for incompetency—these things have given much concern to the President.

He has been for some time making diligent inquiries of political uses of offices, and to inquire his reply will be a demand for specifications. But the President is not making a sweeping reply that would demolish critics of the appointing power seems not to have been reached until the Senate took a hand by rejecting nominations.

Factional Fight Signs.

The contest between President and Senate, it is pointed out, is the most striking evidence yet transpiring of the serious possibilities of the control of the party over the control of the Presidential nomination. Originally the President's interest in having his friends control was understood to be based on concern that his policies should be indorsed and continued as the policies of the party. This question of control presently became secondary to that of forcing the nomination of Secretary Taft; and in this connection the charge of improper use of patronage has been made effectively enough to line up a unanimous Senate, without regard to party lines, against the President.

Reports have been flying about of Executive plans for retaliation against the Senate, but just how the President is to retaliate effectively is not apparent. The Senate thinks it has the upper hand, and is quite contentedly awaiting developments.

It is impossible to learn how long a time will be required to complete the statement for the preparation of which the Cabinet has been called. Expectation is that it will require several days at least.

JUDGE STAFFORD HAS GRIP; COURT ADJOURNS FOR WEEK

Justice Stafford's court was adjourned until Monday this morning, because of a severe attack of grip, which confined his honor to his bed today.

At the judge's home it was stated that he was not seriously ill, and would be able to leave his bed this afternoon.

Removal Notice.

Washington-Sunset Route has moved its office to 905 F st. n.w. Best service to California. A. J. Foster, Gen. Agt.—Adv.

Nickel Beggars Capture City In Search of Aid for Charity; "Hold-Up" Continues Tomorrow



Mrs. W. J. Ethell and Mrs. G. H. Brown
in the Munsey Building.

CORSICAN ARRESTED; FAKE MONEY FOUND IN HIS POSSESSION

American Vice Consul at
Haiti Implicated and Is
Dismissed.

Secret Service agents in New York have arrested Joseph M. Giordani, a Corsican, fifty-four years old, and New York representative of the Haitian and Santo Domingo revolutionists, on a charge of counterfeiting. More than \$800,000 of spurious Haitian money, which was to have been paid the revolutionary troops, 2,000 Remington rifles, and 250,000 rounds of ammunition, as well as all of Giordani's correspondence with the insurgent leaders, were confiscated by Chief Wilkie's men.

In this same connection Secretary Root today cabled the United States minister at Haiti to dismiss immediately Vice Consul Charles Miot.

Giordani's papers showed beyond contradiction that Miot was one of his conspirators. This information was imparted to Secretary Root last evening and he ordered Miot's dismissal as soon as he reached his office this morning.

Miot's alleged offense is not punishable here, but the Haitian officials may deal with him for entering in a scheme to disrupt the government.

Released on Bond.

Giordani has been released on \$7,500 bond. He will be given a hearing before United States Commissioner Shields in New York January 30.

It is further alleged that the \$1,200,000 of Haitian money which was burned when General Firmin's attempt to overthrow the government failed in 1902, was spurious and of the same series as the \$800,000 now in possession of the Secret Service agents. All the money is said to have been made on the order of Giordani, whose correspondence showed that he was the close and confidential friend of General Firmin and was in league with that outlaw to stamp out all vestige of government in Haiti January 14. Giordani will be prosecuted under the Federal law prohibiting counterfeiting the money of any nation.

Giordani Suspected.

Suspicion first attached to Giordani when Governor Mason became apprehensive of an uprising in Cuba recently.

(Continued on Second Page.)

DEFENSE SCORES IN DETSCH TRIAL AT PHILADELPHIA

Prosecution Hard Hit
By Exclusion of Evi-
dence.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 23.—The defense in the trial of Andrew J. Detsch, charged with the murder of Harry Ferree, because the latter, it is alleged, blackmailed his wife, scored heavily today. Judge Breyer, who is presiding, ruled that the letters and papers, found together with many pictures, found among Ferree's effects, cannot be admitted as evidence.

The prosecution had based high hopes on these and expected, if the pictures were introduced, they would supply the motive for the killing. The defense is such story if my wife told me with her own lips. After hearing this the court ruled out all of the letters and the two dozen pictures.

The prosecution will now try to prove Detsch was outside of his room when he fired an automatic revolver through the door into the room of his wife, but the Commonwealth urged in its opening that Detsch had become aware of the intimacy between his wife and Ferree and had lured him to the house and killed him.

In his ruling Judge Breyer stated he would exclude all evidence tending to show intimacy between Mrs. Detsch and the dead man unless it was proved the defendant knew of such intimacy. Captain of Detectives Donaghy then testified that he started to read certain of the letters found in Ferree's effects to the accused after his arrest and the latter said: "I would not believe any such story if my wife told me with her own lips." After hearing this the court ruled out all of the letters and the two dozen pictures.

WOOLEN MILLS REOPEN.

PITTSFIELD, Mass., Jan. 23.—The Pottosue and Russell Manufacturing Companies' woollen mills, employing when running full time, about 700 hands, started today with a full complement of help. The managers say the prospects for the mills continuing on full time indefinitely are excellent.

Florida and Carolina Resorts.

Best reached by Seaboard Air Line Ry. Three daily trains. Office 121 Pa. ave. Adv.

ALIENIST TESTIFIES FOR THAW

Dr. Wagner on Stand
and Tells of Ex-
aminations.

Evelyn Sure of Ac-
quittal and Plans
for Trip.

Buys Large Outfit of
Clothes—Going to
Europe.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—The startling statement that Harry Thaw once appealed to District Attorney Jerome, the man now seeking to send him to the death chair, to have Stanford White brought to justice, was the sensational feature of today's developments in the trial of the architect's slayer. Thaw's appeal was turned down by the prosecutor, who believed it was actuated not by any high-minded motive, but by the young Pittsburgh spendthrift's jealousy of White's success with Evelyn Nesbit and other girls of their mutual acquaintance.

The testimony was incidental to that of Dr. Charles G. Wagner, insanity expert for the defense, and was brought out in his narration of conversations with Thaw subsequent to the killing of White. The fact was also developed and emphasized that almost from his first meeting with White, and before any feud sprang up between them, Thaw cherished an overbearing hatred and loathing for the man he later killed.

"Thaw characterized Whites as a blackguard and a beast," declared the witness, "and frequently expressed surprise at the influence over women of a man who was red-headed and resembled an ape."

The doctor proved a good witness for the defense, giving his testimony in a calm, clear and concise manner, without confusing technical terms. He was given close attention by the jury.

He will probably be on the stand the remainder of the day.

Evelyn Sure of Acquittal.

Evelyn Nesbit Thaw is so sure of her husband's acquittal that she is preparing an expensive wardrobe for a trip abroad. When the prison gates open for Thaw he and his wife will go abroad and in the whirligig of European gaiety forget as far as possible the long nightmare they endured in New York and for a long time escape their identity so as to have success from notoriety.

While the young wife appeared at court today attired in the school girl dress, costly evening gowns, traveling dresses, and other fine apparel are piling up at her home, in Park avenue. In her quest for new gowns, Mrs. Thaw has visited her tailor and madame whenever her absence from court would permit. She has ordered not alone frocks to add to the simple and her auto, followed by a saleswoman, when she bumped into the widow of the man her husband killed.

Former Neighbor on Stand.

To present to the jury the story of Evelyn Thaw's early life—the story of the struggle to keep together the family of three, her mother, brother Howard, and herself—the defense decided to call Mrs. J. J. Came today. The witness was to tell of her first meeting with the little artist's model. She occupied a room in the same house in which Mrs. Nesbit and her two children lived when they first came to this city.

At the first trial Mrs. Came told all this and also related how she had befriended Evelyn after the occurrence at the Cumberland Hotel in October, 1902.

Again Josiah Thaw was the only member of the prisoner's family in court when the defendant was brought in. Dr. Charles L. Bailey, of Albany, was

What Congress Did

IN THE SENATE.

On motion of Senator Hale, it was decided to adjourn over until Monday at the close of this afternoon's session. Senator Dick reported favorably from the Mines and Mining Committee, the bill for a commission to investigate recent mining disasters. Senator Newlands appeared before the Commerce Committee in behalf of his bill for inland water ways. Senator Culberson presented a revised form of his resolution for an inquiry into a recent injunction issued by Judge Dayton, of West Virginia, and got it ordered printed in the Record. Senator Store called up his resolution directing the Finance Committee to inquire into the question whether public deposits have been equitably distributed among the different States and addressed the Senate at length in support of it.

IN THE HOUSE.

The House began consideration of the urgency deficiency appropriation bill. The District Committee reported to the House, for passage, a bill for the temporary street railway line to the Union Station.