

POSTMASTER SHORT

Took Ten Thousand Dollars—To Be Returned.

HE REPLACED SOME OF IT

Did Not Intend to Keep It, but Husted to Put Seven Thousand Back—He Was Not Quick Enough and Is Nabbed.

Seattle, Wash., Sept. 11.—The postmaster at Nome, Joshua Wright, has been arrested and held for trial on the charge of embezzling \$3,200 from the government of the United States. Postal Inspector Clum is the principal witness against Postmaster Wright. At the preliminary hearing, Clum testified that upon the first examination of Wright's affairs he found a shortage of over \$10,500. This was on a Monday. Between that time and Wednesday Wright replaced \$7,300, leaving a deficit still remaining of \$3,200. Robert H. Mumford, known throughout the Yukon country and the states as "Policy Bob," committed suicide on Aug. 22 by swallowing 20 grains of morphine.

A GREAT RACE.

Crescens and The Abbot Will Trot for Charity.

Boston, Sept. 11.—Crescens and The Abbot will race for a purse of \$20,000 at Readville Sept. 19, the winner taking the whole purse, which is offered by Thomas W. Lawson of this city. Mr. Jewett, secretary of the New England Trotting Horsebreeders' association, announced that the preliminary arrangements for the race were completed yesterday when Mr. Geers, trainer of The Abbot, and Mr. Ketchum, owner and driver of Crescens, came to an understanding. The gate receipts will go to the West End Nursery in Boston. Boralma and Lord Derby will also race during the meeting for a purse of \$10,000, which is offered by the association.

At the Pan-American.

Buffalo, Sept. 11.—Tuesday was Rhode Island day at the Pan-American. The exercises were held in the Temple of Music. Senator Hanna, Senator Fairbanks and Representative Charles H. Grosvenor occupied seats on the stage during the exercises. In his address Gov. Gregory declared that all might praise God that the president was out of danger. Director Buchanan spoke positively to the effect that there was no doubt of the president's recovery and declared all people might indeed rejoice upon the celebration of a special day in the president's passage out of danger onto the road to rapid recovery.

Receiver for Big Grocery Company.

Pittsburg, Pa., Sept. 11.—The Weldon Grocery company, a corporation with a capital stock of \$400,000, went into the hands of a receiver yesterday. The company has 17 stores in this city and vicinity, and is said to be doing a good business, but lately has been unable to pay its credits when they came due and had to close cash. These are coming due, and as the cash is not on hand to pay them the court was asked to appoint a receiver to prevent the business being sacrificed. C. A. Weldon, secretary and treasurer, was appointed and took charge at once. The assets and liabilities are said to be about \$135,000 each.

Freight on Hay is High.

Indianapolis, Ind., Sept. 11.—In his address President Warren reviewed the efforts of the organization to remove the classification of hay in the interstate commerce schedule. Until Jan. 1, 1900, the shipping rate for hay from Chicago to New York was 25 cents per hundred weight. On that date it was increased to 30 cents. The association first dealt unsuccessfully with the railroads and then resorted to legal tactics before the interstate commerce commission. Its litigation is now before the board and is to be taken up next month.

What They Would Do in China. Syracuse, N. Y., Sept. 11.—The Chinese minister to the United States, Wu Ting Fang, was a guest of the state fair here Tuesday, the occasion being diplomats' day. Discussing the attempted assassination of President McKinley, Minister Wu said to a reporter: "It was horrible, horrible. In my country that wretch Czolgosz would receive the extreme penalty—death by slow torture."

GENERAL MARKETS.

Detroit Grain Market.

Detroit, Sept. 11.—Wheat—No. 1 white, 71½c; No. 2 red, 70½c; No. 3 red, 67½c; mixed winter, 70½c; Sept. 70½c; Dec. 72½c. Corn—No. 2 mixed, 57c; No. 2 yellow, 57½c. Oats—No. 2 white, 36½c; No. 3 white, 36¼c. Rye—No. 2, 53c; Oct. 53½c. Beans—Oct. \$1.82; Nov. \$1.72. Clover—Spot, \$5.20; Oct. \$5.20.

Chicago Grain and Provisions. Chicago, Sept. 11.—Wheat—Dec., 70½c; May, 71½c. Corn—Dec., 57½c; May, 59c. Oats—Dec., 35c; May, 37½c. Pork—Oct., \$14.80; Jan., \$15.80. Lard—Oct., \$9.42; Jan., \$9.20. Ribs—Oct., \$8.67; Jan., \$8.15.

LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Sept. 11.—Cattle—Good to prime steers, \$5.75 to \$6.50; poor to medium, \$4.25 to \$5.70; stockers and feeders, \$2.25 to \$4.25; cows and heifers, \$2.40 to \$5.10; calves, \$2 to \$6; Texas steers, \$3.40 to \$5.25; western steers, \$4.10 to \$5.50. Hogs—Generally about steady; top, \$6.95; mixed and butchers, \$6 to \$6.90; good to choice heavy, \$6.45 to \$6.95; rough heavy, \$6 to \$6.40; light, \$6 to \$6.75; bulk of sales, \$6.30 to \$6.75.

EMMA GOLDMAN ARRESTED.

She Says She Likes to Fool the Police Sometimes.

Chicago, Sept. 11.—Emma Goldman, the "anarchist queen" under whose banner Leon Czolgosz claims he stands, whose words he claims fired his heart and his brain to attempt the assassination of the president, was arrested shortly before noon yesterday. She disclaimed all but the slightest acquaintance with the president's assailant, she denied absolutely that she, or any anarchist she knew, was implicated in any plot to kill the president. She said she believed Czolgosz acted entirely on his own responsibility, and that he never claimed to have been inspired by her.

"I shall insist upon an immediate hearing," she said in speaking of the probability of a postponement being asked for by the city prosecutor.



EMMA GOLDMAN.

[Czolgosz says her teaching led him to try to kill the president.]

"They want me to go to New York without requisition papers, but I will not go; I know the legal ropes and I'll make them fight every step. And I'm not afraid to go at that."

"As to my arrest, I decided that I would go this morning and give myself up. When Captain Schuetter came out to arrest me he found me dressing, and I had a little fun with him, as I have told you before. I like to have fun with the police."

"I was born in St. Petersburg, Russia, 32 years ago. I came to this country with my sister, who is in Rochester, 16 years ago. I speak Russian, German, French and English. I came from the middle class in Russia, but my heart has always been with the poor and downtrodden."

Asked if she thought Czolgosz's act was praiseworthy, from her point of view, she answered: "I am not in a position to say whether it was good or bad. It is up to the man who attempted to do it. I am not in his boots and know nothing about it. What I don't see is why they should make more fuss about the president than anybody else. All men are born equal."

Chicago, Sept. 11.—The presence of John Novak of Buffalo on the occasion of the arrest of Emma Goldman was thought to have particular significance. He was sent out here by the police of Buffalo and arrived in the city Monday morning. He came for the purpose of identifying Emma Goldman, but was not needed.

Led a Band of "Reds."

Kansas City, Sept. 11.—An investigation of the local record of Antonio Maggio, the Italian who is said to have predicted the death of President McKinley and who is under arrest in New Mexico, reveals the fact that he was the leader of a considerable band of anarchists in Kansas City two years ago. These men held regular meetings in the rear of a barber shop kept by Maggio. Maggio and his assistants, all of whom were Italians, were disciples of Emma Goldman, for whom Maggio had a sort of veneration. It was from her, it is said, that Maggio imbibed his anarchistic ideas. One of Maggio's assistants still live in the city and came to the police, but has not been arrested.

Edward Andrews, manager of the Andrews Opera Co., with which Antonio Maggio was formerly engaged as a cornetist, is in this city. "Several members of our company," said Mr. Andrews, "were in the habit of discussing economic and social questions, and Tony cut in with his anarchistic opinions. Maggio said no man had a right to rule another, and one day said the blood of every soldier killed in the Philippines was on President McKinley's hands, and the only way the common people could assert their rights was by assassination. Early last February he told me distinctly to watch for an important event before October. He assured us that President McKinley would be killed before that month came. Maggio left the company at Silver City, Neb." Mr. Andrews said, "because his sympathies were enlisted with an anarchistic prisoner there."

Wounds Partially Reopened.

Milburn House, Buffalo, Sept. 11.—The following bulletin was issued by the president's physicians early this morning:

"The condition of the president is unchanged in all important particulars. His temperature is 100.6, pulse 114, respiration 28."

"When the operation was done on Friday last it was noted that the bullet had carried with it a short distance beneath the skin a fragment of the president's coat. This foreign material was, of course, removed, but a slight irritation of the tissues was produced, the evidence of which has appeared today. It has been necessary on account of this slight disturbance to remove a few stitches and partially open the skin wound. This incident cannot give rise to other complications, but it is communicated to the public, as the surgeons in attendance wish to make their bulletins entirely frank. In consequence of this separation of the edges of the surface wound the healing of the same will be somewhat delayed. The president is now well enough to begin to take nourishment by the mouth in the form of pure beef juice."

"P. M. Rixey, M. D. Mann, Roswell Parke, Herman Mynter, Charles McBurney."

"GEO. B. CORTELYOU, Sec."

HE LOST HIS JOB

Mail Carrier Said He Was Pleased With Czolgosz.

P. O. DEPARTMENT FIRED HIM

Did Not Think Him a Safe Man to Carry U. S. Mail—Notified His Relatives to Lock After Route Until Further Notice.

Washington, Sept. 10.—Second Assistant Postmaster General Shallenberger summarily cancelled the contract of a mail carrier for expressing satisfaction over the shooting of President McKinley. The name of the person who was thus dealt with is Chas. Cortright, and he had a contract for carrying the mail between Homer, Cortland county, and Spafford, in Onondaga county, the same state. The information concerning his offense came to the postoffice department through the postmaster at Homer, who enclosed affidavits from four citizens of the place confirming his report. It appears that when Cortright first received the announcement of the news of the attempt upon the president's life he remarked, with an oath, that he was "glad of it," and added that the president should have been killed years ago. Hearing of this remark, three citizens of the town called upon Cortright and asked him if the report was correct, and he replied that it was. Upon receiving this information, duly supported by the oaths of the citizens who had heard this statement made, General Shallenberger took prompt steps to cancel Cortright's contract upon the ground that a person capable of such statements is not a fit custodian of the mails of the government.

Following is a full statement of the letter Shallenberger wrote:

"Mr. Michael Murphy and Mr. F. M. Briggs, Homer, N. Y.

"Gentlemen: It has been shown to this office by the affidavits of four creditable citizens that on the evening of the 6th instant, Charles F. Cortright, contractor with the government for carrying the mail on route 799, from Homer, N. Y., to Spafford, N. Y., expressed his appreciation of and satisfaction over the shooting of President McKinley. This department believes that the transportation of the mail unsafe in the hands of a person who would deliberately gloat over the attempt of an assassin to take the life of the chief executive of this country, and is not willing to longer entrust the mails to said Charles F. Cortright. You, as sureties in his contract, are therefore hereby called upon to immediately assume the carrying of the mails on route No. 799, in accordance with the terms of the contract, and to notify this office of the date on which you begin service. You are directed not to permit said Cortright to have anything further to do in connection with the performance of the service on said route. (Signed)

"W. S. SHALENBARGER,
"Second Assistant P. G."

Cornerstone of New Stock Exchange.

New York, Sept. 10.—The cornerstone of the new stock exchange building was put in place yesterday. Nearly 500 men were present. On the temporary rostrum were President Keppler, Vice-President Thomas, members of the board of governors and other officers. Vice-President Thomas was first speaker. He opened his address with a reference to the attack upon President McKinley and said that but for the reassuring news from Buffalo the laying of the stone might have been postponed. President Keppler followed Mr. Thomas and gave a history of the stock exchange. The masons swung the stone into its place and President Keppler tapped it masonically and pronounced it "fairly and truly laid." The stone faces Broad street and bears the inscription: "MCM." The copper casket imbedded in the stone contains mementos and souvenirs.

A Step Forward for China.

Pekin, Sept. 10.—The imperial edict, issued recently, providing for reform of the examinations seems to indicate that the liberals are in control of the court and its importance, if enforced, is difficult to overestimate. It provides that examinations must include western history, western sciences and industrial methods. It abandons the traditional eight part classical essays and verbatim reproduction of classics, proficiency in which has been the chief qualifications for office-holding. It relegates the classics to the background, requiring only expositions of their meaning. Gen. Yuan Shi Kai's troops are entering Pekin and are assuming the work of policing the city. They are a stalwart, well-dressed body of men. Great forces of workmen are engaged in repairing the palaces and streets.

TO STAMP OUT ANARCHY.

Plan Suggested to Have Chiefs of Police Do It.

Columbus, Ga., Sept. 10.—Chief of Police Williams of this city, who is one of the four members of the board of directors of the National Association of Chiefs of Police of the United States and Canada, replied yesterday to President Sylvester's request that he give his views and endorsement to Sylvester's idea of inviting all of the foreign heads of police departments to attend the next annual meeting of police chiefs and devise means to stamp out the anarchists all over the world. Mr. Williams said in reply to President Sylvester: "I respectfully suggest that the next annual meeting be held in Washington, as congress will be in session at the date fixed, and I believe the time is ripe to obtain such legislation passed by congress as we desire."

SHAFFER CAN END STRIKE.

Power Placed in His Hands by Amalgamated Association.

Pittsburg, Pa., Sept. 11.—President T. J. Shaffer and his advisers in the general office of the Amalgamated association hold the power by authority of the general executive board of the organization to settle the steel strike. Mr. Shaffer and his advisers apparently allowed the day to lapse after this authority was vested in them, without closing any settlement. On Monday it is said the executive board directed President Shaffer, together with Secretary-Treasurer John Williams, Assistant Secretary M. F. Tighe and Ben I. Davis, of the advisory board, to settle without delay on the best terms obtainable.

Since then there has been no action developing anything to further a settlement, but it is said that President Shaffer is seeking to reopen direct negotiations with the United States steel corporation in the hope of getting better terms than those submitted to the Amalgamated executive board as the result of the endeavor last week in New York of the representatives of National Civic Federation headed by President Samuel Gompers of the American Federation of Labor.

The terms secured by the National Civic Federation were neither accepted nor rejected by the Amalgamated board. Instead a resolution was passed directing President Shaffer, with the aid of his immediate advisers, to secure the best possible settlement in the least possible time. The terms submitted provided simply for a signing of scales for all union plants, sheet steel and steel hoop company, except such as had been started since the strike began.

The executive committee passed its resolution by a bare majority. President Shaffer protested against proceeding with so narrow a margin and suggested that the members of the board remain in the city for a possible further conference on Monday. At the meeting Monday it is said the executive board gave the Amalgamated the best settlement that it may be able to secure and that no conditions were imposed. One member of the board put it this way: "President Shaffer has the means to end the strike. How he is going to do it I can't say, but that is what he has to do."

G. A. R. DOINCES.

Office of Commander-in-Chief is Unsettled.

Cleveland, Sept. 11.—A canvass among the headquarters last night as to the choice of the different states as to the commander-in-chief, discloses an unsettled condition of affairs regarding definite choice. Minnesota and Pennsylvania are united on their state candidates, Gen. Torrance and Gen. Stewart, New York is divided on Gen. Sickles, Gen. Torrance may profit in case of a possible deadlock between the supporters of the eastern candidates. Most of the delegations will caucus today for the purpose of choosing a candidate. There is also no definite decision as to the next place of encampment. The San Francisco delegates declared that California would not seek the honor because it was too distant. Charleston, S. C., is a candidate for the next encampment.

Asked to Call Grand Jury.

Denver, Sept. 11.—Platt Rogers, president of the Colorado Bar association, yesterday presented a petition to Judge Johnson, successor to Judge Mullen in the criminal division of the circuit court, asking him to call a grand jury to investigate the charges of attempted jury bribery and likewise the conduct of every department of the court under Judge Mullen's administration. Mr. Rogers asked that a special prosecutor be appointed. Judge Johnson took the petition under advisement.

Forestalled a Strike.

Pittsburg, Kan., Sept. 11.—The "big four" companies with the exception of the Western Coal & Mining Co., have all posted notices offering the men 65 cents a ton for mine run coal, an eight-hour day and other concessions, with a few exceptions that the union contract known as the Kansas City contract, asks. The Eastern Coal & Mining Co. professes to have a contract yet in force, but on the whole offers the same concessions. It is believed that this forestalls a strike order in this district. Four thousand men in Kansas, Missouri and Oklahoma are affected.

Anniversary of Perry's Victory. Cleveland, O., Sept. 11.—The naval veterans took first place in the festivities attendant upon the Grand Army encampment yesterday. The eighty-seventh anniversary of Oliver Hazard Perry's historic triumph on Lake Erie was fittingly celebrated in a grand parade and a naval display upon the lake.

BASE BALL.

American League.—Chicago 6, Milwaukee 2; Cleveland 7, Philadelphia 0; second game, Cleveland 1, Philadelphia 4.

National League.—Chicago 4, Brooklyn 3; St. Louis 3, New York 3; Pittsburgh 8, Philadelphia 5; Boston 6, Cincinnati 2.

American League Standing.

Team	Won	Lost	Per ct.
Chicago	76	46	.623
Boston	67	52	.563
Detroit	65	55	.542
Philadelphia	62	58	.517
Baltimore	58	58	.500
Washington	53	62	.461
Cleveland	41	69	.370
Milwaukee	44	76	.367

National League Standing.

Team	Won	Lost	Per ct.
Pittsburg	72	42	.632
Philadelphia	69	49	.585
Brooklyn	69	51	.575
St. Louis	63	56	.529
Boston	59	60	.496
Chicago	49	74	.398
Cincinnati	44	68	.393
New York	45	70	.391

DID HEROIC WORK

Life Saving Crews Rescued Thirty-Eight Sailors at Port Huron.

THE WORST WRECK IN YEARS

Cargoes Strewn All Along the Beach—Loss Will Reach Thousands of Dollars—Wreck Was Predicted by Sailors.

Port Huron, Mich., Sept. 9.—Today witnesses one of the worst disasters on the lake. Piled up on shore are many thousand dollars of vessel property, and the chance for getting them off are slim unless large sums of money are expended in dredging.

Strange to say, in connection with this great calamity, there is no loss of life. The life-saving crew took off 38 people during the night, and the others were beyond danger. The barge Amaranth, owned by Capt. Kotcher of Detroit is a total loss. She was loaded with lath, as was also the steamer Pauley. Their cargoes are strewn all along the shore. Ever since Saturday night the Wawatam has been endeavoring to release herself, and at 5 p. m. she succeeded in getting into the lake. The tug Sarnia, owned by the Reed Wrecking association of Sarnia, Ont., which went out to the assistance of the wrecked boats, is pounding on bottom, deserted by her crew, but will be saved. Capt. Plough of the life-saving crew came ashore last evening with eight men and reported no loss of life and stated without a doubt it is the worst wreck that he has witnessed in years. Heroic efforts will be made to save all boats with the exception of the Amaranth from destruction. Tugs have been ordered and will commence operations. The crews of "202" and the Wawatam stood by their boats and did not leave them. They were in no danger and life-savers went to them, but they refused assistance. Wreckers will be on the scene this morning and an estimate can then be made. Marine men are present from Chicago and other ports, and they pronounce the scene one of the most remarkable without loss of life.

In an interview with a sailor on board the Amaranth, he said that this wreck was predicted at Midway by rats leaving the ship, and shortly after leaving port a canary bird flew on the shoulder of the captain, which he said was a sure sign of disaster. The crew of the Amaranth predicted to a man that they expected a wreck. Many thousands of people were on shore yesterday and viewed the wreck and work of the life-savers.

SERIOUS STORM.

Reports From Harbor Beach Tell of Wrecks.

Washington, Sept. 9.—Dispatches received by the life-saving service indicate that a very serious storm raged Saturday night on Lake Huron. These dispatches report a number of disasters to lake craft and show that all told 56 seamen were rescued at different life-saving stations on the lake. The first of the dispatches came from Huron and says that the schooner Pauley, with a crew of 12; the schooner Amaranth, with a crew of 7; the schooner Paige, with a crew of 10, and the schooner Sarnia, with a crew of 8, stranded about three miles south of Port Huron life-saving station and that all the seamen were reached by the life-saving service. The dispatch also said that the steamer Quito also stranded, but released herself, and that no lives were lost.

A message from Harbor Beach, Mich., reports the stranding of the schooner John Wesley, southbound from Port Huron to Alpena with a crew of eight, one and a half miles south of Harbor Beach life-saving station at 5 p. m. Saturday. All on board were saved by the life-saving crew. The same dispatch reports the rescue of a crew of five persons from the schooner Vinna of Beamsville, Canada, which was stranded at 4 o'clock yesterday morning a mile from Harbor Beach life-saving station. The force at Point aux Barques, Mich., reports the stranding of the schooner Andrew Jackson, from Alpena for Port Huron, two, and a half miles east of Point aux Barques, at 8 p. m. Saturday. The crew of seven were saved by the life-saving station crew.

Tourist and Pilot Drowned.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Sept. 9.—While shooting the rapids Sunday afternoon, Nathaniel Pomeroy, a tourist of Oberlin, O., and Wm. Boucher, a rapid pilot, were drowned. The descent had almost been reached when in making too short a turn, the boat struck a rock and went over. The other occupants, Pomeroy's father, G. L. Brems, Joseph Myers, Mathew Meyers of Ellyria, O., and Antoine Piquette, a pilot, saved themselves by clinging to the boat until picked up. It is the first drowning that has occurred from shooting the rapids for over 30 years. The pilots, it is alleged, were both drunk. The bodies have not yet been recovered.

Assaulted and Throat Cut.

Bay City, Mich., Sept. 9.—A row took place last night on Third street, opposite the Campbell house. A stranger named Charles Davis assaulted Ed Joe Delumme of Essexville and cut his throat badly. Delumme is now in the hospital in a critical condition. Davis later was arrested at the house of a friend. He said he did it in self-defense.

Killed at Play.

Saginaw, Mich., Sept. 9.—Several children were playing around a flat car loaded with rails in the Pere Marquette yards here at noon Sunday. One of the rails was pulled to the ground and fell across the body of the three-year-old daughter of Merritt Daborn, a switchman, inflicting injuries from which the little one died.

GRAND ARMY ENCAMPMENT.

Attempted Assassination Has Stirred People's Patriotism.

Cleveland, O., Sept. 10.—The city last night was a blaze of glory, a crystallization of all the living memories of the stirring days of 1861-65, memories to which but a mere fraction of the present population is personally familiar. The aged feet that once trod the bloody fields of Shiloh, of Gettysburg and of a hundred other hard-fought battles, surged around Monumental square, located in the business heart of the city, with slow but steady tread. The center of the scene, the soldiers and sailors' monument, which stands in the center of the park in mute and silent sympathy with the living veterans, to the great majority of whom it must soon speak as to those who have already passed away.

Every radiating street was congested with a stream of humanity, and far out Euclid avenue to where the sparkling electric fountain in Wade park shed its radiating glory on, the night crowds coursed incessantly to and fro. Away beyond, on Euclid Heights, the Garfield monument stood as a grim and silent outpost, to which thousands of veterans paid their respects.

There is now no longer any doubt as to the effect of the attempted assassination of the president, upon the present gathering. It has stirred the patriotism of the people to the inmost recesses of the heart's emotion, and they and their friends are coming to rejoice or to sorrow, as the will of Providence may dictate.

Gen. Daniel E. Sickles gave expression to a sentiment which is reflected in the hearts of every patriot present. He said:

"Comrades, let us thank God for the news from Buffalo. The Lord has heard the uplifted prayers of the civilized and uncivilized world, Christian, Mohammedan, Chinese and all people have united with us in prayer that McKinley might be spared to us. That prayer is answered. Blessed be the name of the Lord, who proves that great personality to us."

Then, dropping his impressive manner, the general added:

"I'll back McKinley's luck every time. The god of battle stood by him during the war. The god of good fortune has remained with him ever since. He cannot die at this time and under such circumstances."

THE PLAGUE IN CHINA.

It is Thinning Out the Population Quickly.

Washington, Sept. 10.—The marine hospital service continues the publication of letters from missionaries and others in China, describing the progress of the plague. Rev. Jacob Speicher, Baptist missionary, writing from Kit Yang, says:

"The plague made its first appearance at Swatow about seven years ago and has since then spread in all directions along the coast and inland. Three years ago the large district city, Chan Yang, 10 miles south of Swatow, had a very bad spell. Many villages between Canton and Lio, 70 miles inland from Swatow, have lost one-third of their population. In Kit Yang it is suggested that the roof of every plague house be taken off and rebuilt after six months, but the officials would not listen to such a measure. In this benighted country nothing is done, the plague will have its run for years and many over-populated districts may be thinned out considerably. I have received word that the city of Hui Lai, about 35 miles south of Kit Yang, has had an awful visitation this year. It is said that only one-fourth of the people are still in the city, one-half having been moved to other places for safety. This city was in the line of the trail. Thus far I can only find out that the plague has got inland to the extent of 70 miles."

PROTOCOL IS SIGNED.

Rockhill Has Done Well—Completed His Work.

Washington, Sept. 10.—The following cablegram has been received at the White House:

"Pekin, Sept. 9.—Protocol signed Sept. 7. Rockhill left 8th."

(Signed) "CONGER."

Mr. Rockhill has been trying to start home from Peking since Aug. 15. He was authorized to leave then by Secretary Hay, but, naturally desiring to complete the important work he had undertaken in connection with the preparation of the protocol, he remained until the finishing touches had been added and the document signed. Mr. Rockhill has added greatly to the esteem in which he was held at the state department, and in diplomatic circles by the skillful manner in which he conducted the negotiations for the United States under conditions that antagonized him with adroit diplomats of the world. He will now start for home to be present at the Pan-American congress to be held next week at the City of Mexico.

MINOR TELEGRAMS.

The work of breaking up the yacht Independence will begin in Boston today. Mr. Lawson gave the order last night.

At Rat Portage, Ont., Monday afternoon Harry Pearce of Australia defeated John Hackett of Rat Portage two length in their mile and a half race for \$500 a side. The time was 9:48.

Bare of flags and sails, and out of commission, the Constitution arrived here from Newport in tow of the tender Mount Morris. She was brought here to be dismantled, after which she will be towed to New London.

George Braunraider, an inmate of the soldiers' home at Leavenworth, Kan., was dishonorably discharged and drummed out of camp for expressing satisfaction at the shooting of the president.

The people of Kentucky last night forgot the political strife which has raged there for the last year and a half and came together in a big meeting at Frankfort. The attempted assassination of the president was denounced in severe terms and congress was asked to legislate anarchists out of the country.